

TENTH YEAR.

SENT THEM FLYING

General Wheaton Drives Two Thousand Filipinos.

WITH A MUCH INFERIOR FORCE

General Otis' Report of the Engagement Near Imus Cavite Province Monday—The American Loss Was Five Killed While That of the Enemy Exceeded One Hundred.

Washington, June 20.—General Otis forwards the following:

"Manila, June 20.—Wheaton at Imus, Cavite province, with four guns, four battalions Fourth and Fourteenth Infantry, Nevada troop cavalry; sent battalion south on reconnaissance in the direction of Das Marinas yesterday morning, where the enemy is reported to be concentrating in scattered forces. The battalion encountered the enemy's force, 2,000, marching to attack Imus, successfully impeding its progress. Wheaton, with two guns and two battalions, hurried forward; repulsed the enemy with heavy loss, enemy leaving over 100 dead on field. Our loss is five killed, twenty-three wounded. Wheaton was reinforced last night by a battalion of the Ninth Infantry; is driving the enemy beyond Das Marinas, now his position. Casualties today not reported. Wheaton's qualities for bold and successful attack unsurpassed. (Signed) "OTIS."

ARRIVAL OF ADMIRAL WATSON.

Manila, June 20.—Rear-Admiral John C. Watson arrived today on board the United States transport Zafiro, from Hong Kong and raised his flag on the United States cruiser Baltimore. The commanders of all the warships called on the admiral during the day.

The troops commanded by General Wheaton entered Perez Das Marinas today without opposition except on the part of small parties of rebels and so loss was inflicted upon the Americans. The town is an unimportant place, surrounded by swamps and General Wheaton will probably return to Imus.

MINNESOTA PHARMACISTS

Holding their Annual Association Meeting at Minnetonka.

Minneapolis, Minn., June 20.—The fifteenth annual meeting of the Minnesota State Pharmaceutical Association began at Lake Park, Minnetonka, today with a large attendance from many parts of the state. President Heller in his annual address urged that the business be restricted to competent and reliable men, and recommended that all members of the association join in the agitation for better state and national legislation to protect the trade. The convention will be in session three days. Tomorrow reports will be heard from standing committees, and the evenings will be given up to entertainment.

MOUNT HOLYOKE GRADUATES.

Presented With Their Diplomas and Degrees by President McKinley.

South Hadley, Mass., June 20.—Commencement day at Mount Holyoke college was made a national event today by the participation of President McKinley, who, with Mrs. McKinley, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Allen, and other members of the official family, that had come here to witness the graduation of Miss Grace McKinley, the president's niece. Governor Roger Wolcott and Mrs. Wolcott and others of political and social prominence also attended the exercises. President McKinley presented the graduating class with their diplomas and degrees.

THE NEW CABINET.

Paris, June 20.—It is said President Loubet will ask M. Bourgeois, former premier, and M. Del Casse, minister of foreign affairs, to form his cabinet.

SCOTCH MINE FLOODED.

Glasgow, June 20.—Gaulahard pit in Ayrshire was suddenly flooded today, while a number of men were below. Fifteen men are missing.

IOWA MUSIC TEACHERS

Holding Their Fifth Annual Convention at Marshalltown.

Marshalltown, Ia., June 20.—The Society of Music Teachers of Iowa met here in fifth annual convention today, and will continue in session through Wednesday and Thursday. Today's proceedings were of an informal nature and because of the late arrival of some of the delegates the opening of the convention will be held this evening. Alexander Embley of Webster City is the president of the society, and will direct the proceedings. The organization embraces most of the

prominent music teachers of the state, and it is expected that several hundred persons will be present. A special programme has been arranged for each morning and afternoon and each evening. Three concerts have been arranged for during the convention, the programmes being made up from members of the association.

TWO THOUSAND HOMEOPATHS

Met in Atlantic City N. J., in Annual Convention.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 20.—The American Institute of Homeopathy began its fifty-fifth annual meeting here today with more than 2,000 members present from all parts of the country. The convention will continue for several days, the sessions being occupied with discussions and essays pertaining principally to questions connected with the homeopathic school of medicine. Plans will also be perfected for the erection and unveiling of the Hahnemann monument at Washington, D. C. The initial session this afternoon was devoted to the annual address of President Benjamin F. Bailey, of Lincoln, Neb., and to the reports of the International Bureau of Homeopathy, the Interstate committee, the committee on life insurance and the board of censors.

A SHOOTING SINGER

A Murderess Who Formerly Lived at Tucson.

Tucson, June 20.—Edith Parry, who lived in Tucson last winter and was employed as a singer in the Commercial saloon, shot her husband, Frank Parry in San Francisco yesterday, and he died from the effects of the bullet wound. Edith Parry came to Tucson in November of last year and she was well-known in the sporting circles of the city. She was of eccentric disposition and often refused to sing during her engagement at the Commercial. Mr. Rupert, the proprietor, when he was informed of the uxoricide, said he was not surprised, because he believed that Edith Parry was unbalanced when she was in Tucson.

Edith Parry came to Tucson from Yuma, where she was engaged as a singer in John Shmoshey's saloon. During her residence there she attempted to kill a gambler named Lyons, and she gave up her position in the saloon because Lyons was employed there as a faro dealer. It appears that Lyons tried to beat his wife and was prevented from injuring her by a shot from Edith Parry's six-shooter. She engaged in another shooting scrape in Yuma when a prominent saloon man of that town tried to enter her room by force. The singer fired at him and the bullet entered his leg. The matter was kept quiet and Edith Parry was allowed to leave the town without being held by the authorities.

The news of Edith Parry's arrest for murder was the subject of conversation in the saloons of the city today, and the opinion prevails that she will be sent to an asylum for the insane, instead of punished by a long term of imprisonment.

FIRE AT FORT PICKENS

Started by an Explosion Which Killed One Man.

Washington, June 20.—Secretary Long has received a dispatch from Captain Reistger, commandant of the Pensacola, Florida, navy yard, which says:

"There has been a fire and a heavy explosion at Fort Pickens. I have sent fire apparatus and a working force to assist."

Fort Pickens is one of the defenses in the Pensacola harbor. Batteries L and H of the First artillery are stationed at Baronies and Pickens. It is not known at the war department how many soldiers were in Fort Pickens when the explosion occurred.

Washington, June 20.—A dispatch at noon from Lieutenant Horn, commanding officer at Fort Pickens, gives information that one of the old style magazines at the fort exploded this morning. One man was killed by falling debris. The explosion was caused by a fire which originated in the kitchen. The damage was not heavy.

SIXTY-TWO YEARS A QUEEN

Quiet Recognition of Victoria's Ascension Anniversary.

London, June 20.—The wires to Balmoral were kept hot today with congratulatory messages sent the Queen, reminding her that the day marks the close of the sixty-second year of her reign. In accordance with her majesty's wish there was no formal observance of the anniversary, in London or elsewhere, and beyond the customary display of the flag over the royal residences and the congratulatory messages sent by the Prince of Wales and other members of the royal family and by foreign ministers and ambassadors in behalf of their respective governments there were no outward signs to call attention to the fact that her majesty is about to enter upon another year of her remarkable reign.

IN ALL BUT NAME

The Great Peace Conference Will Be a Failure.

An Arbitration Scheme Will Be Adopted but it Will Be Carefully Framed That Very Few National Quarrels Can Be Submitted

Washington, June 20.—Private advice received here from a high authority are to the effect that the conference at The Hague will probably be redeemed from failure through an agreement on an arbitration project that will satisfy the apparently general demand on that point, but which at the same time, will have such carefully framed safeguards with so narrow field of matters that may or must go before the arbitration tribunal, as to make it little more than arbitration in name.

The attitude of Germany is said to be only a little in advance of some of the others in opposition to the plans submitted and the dissatisfaction is more general than appears on the surface. As for the other projects that were especially desired by the Americans, such as the protection of individual property from seizure at sea, they have all been irretrievably lost, according to this report.

PLAYING AT PEACE

The Hague, June 20.—The Brussels conference of the sub-committee of the international peace conference convened today. Professor DeMarens of the Russian delegation, presiding. The drafting committee's report was amended in regard to the award of greater protection to neutral states, defining the rights of civil populations to organize for resistance and the rights of armies as toward armed civilians. Ten clauses of the report were adopted.

HOPE FOR SETTLEMENT.

Riot on One of the Cleveland Street Railway Lines.

Cleveland, June 20.—Cars were running during the day on all lines operated by the street car company since the strike. No crowds were allowed to gather. At 1 o'clock this afternoon a special committee of the city council appointed to settle the strike met the representatives of the strikers and the company. The members hope to open a way for a settlement of the trouble.

A SYMPATHETIC STRIKE.

Akron, O., June 20.—The local street car system is tied up by a strike.

AN INDIAN RIOT.

Bombay, June 20.—Riots in southern India have spread to Travancore, where the police have been severely beaten and forced to retire. The rioters seized a number of guns and a quantity of ammunition. They are cutting off the ears of the opponents in order to obtain earrings more expeditiously. About 450 houses have been burned at Santhooradagral.

CAR ACCOUNTANTS.

International Association in Annual Meeting at Saratoga.

Saratoga, N. Y., June 20.—The International association of Car Accountants opened its annual meeting here today with several hundred members in attendance, representing the accounting departments of nearly all the leading railroads of the United States, Canada and Mexico. The convention was called to order by H. G. Sleight of the Vandalla line. Other prominent railroad men in attendance were T. S. Bell of the Pennsylvania, G. S. Russell of the Lehigh Valley and R. H. Weddle of the M. K. & T. The association expects to be in session until next Friday.

TRAIN DISPATCHERS

Holding An Interesting Convention at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 20.—Train dispatchers of the leading railroads of this country and Canada met in annual convention here today and will spend the next two days in discussing matters pertaining to their department of railroad work. The gathering is presided over by H. B. Ware of Wymore, Neb., president of the association.

RUSSIAN MERCHANT MARINE.

A Plan to Increase Navigation on the Pacific.

Washington, June 20.—The Russian government from information received by the bureau of navigation, is preparing measures for easily developing its merchant marine. Although there are only twenty-four Russian steamships of over two thousand tons, and of them, only four are over fourteen knots, the Russian government during 1898 expended over \$1,700,000 on its sea-going steamships. To increase its navigation on the Pa-

cific, the Russian government for the next ten years will pay the Suez canal dues, as the Austrian government has done for some time on national merchant steamers.

SHAMROCKS NEW PROGRAMME.

New York, June 20.—The Evening Sun prints the following:

"A member of the New York Yacht club has received information concerning the programme for the Shamrock which has caused no little stir in local yachting circles. According to the report, which has not been confirmed from the other side, it appears that Sir Thomas Lipton has decided to bring the America's cup challenger here as soon as possible, and to tune her up in American waters. Such a plan would of course, tend to develop the Irish boat to the highest point, making her the more dangerous as the Columbia's competitor in the cup races. What yachtsmen now desire to know is how Sir Thomas intends to tune up his yacht, and whether or not he intends to compete for any trophies other than the America's cup. If, as the information received by the local yachtsmen would indicate, the Shamrock is to sail in time to arrive here before August 1, there will be several races in which she might compete."

MILLION AND A HALF

Involved in Action to Be Brought at San Jose.

San Jose, Cal., June 20.—Major Jose R. Pleg, of Oakland, has been here taking steps to sue for the recovery of business property. He claims it was sold while he was away in the army. The property is from Fourth street and San Fernando, south to San Antonio, west to Market, north to San Fernando, all but the Fourth street property being covered by business houses.

He will also sue to recover the plaza on which is situated the city hall. This was deeded to the state for a capitol with the reservation that it should revert in case the capitol was not built. The property is probably worth \$1,500,000.

BRAINS VS. WEALTH.

Governor Roosevelt's Address to Cornell Students.

Ithaca, N. Y., June 20.—Governor Roosevelt today attended the class day exercises of the class of '99 in Cornell university. The students received him with cheers. In his address to the graduates the governor referred to statements recently made by several men who had amassed great fortunes, to the effect that a collegiate education is useless in the world of today.

He attacked their position vehemently and said: "Our country could better afford to lose all of the men who have amassed millions than to lose one-half of its college bred men. We can get along without men of enormous wealth, but not without men of brains."

JULY 3 A HOLIDAY.

New York, June 20.—The city council today adopted a resolution making July 3 a holiday in this city in commemoration of the first anniversary of the battle of Santiago.

BALL PLAYERS ACQUITTED.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 20.—Members of the Columbus and Buffalo teams arrested on Sunday for violating the Sunday law were acquitted today by a police court jury.

NEW JOB OFFERED WOOD.

Washington, June 20.—General Leonard Wood, military governor of Santiago province, has been offered the presidency of the Washington Traction and Electric company of this city. He has the matter under advisement.

J E W AND CHRISTIAN

Boys of Chicago Take Up the Quarrel of Centuries.

Chicago, June 20.—A pitched battle between Hebrew and Christian boys on Stewart avenue became so fierce today that police interference in force was made necessary. The fight was the result of bitter feeling between the Jewish and Christian boys of the neighborhood. Both sides lined up their forces and a count showed them about evenly balanced, there being about two hundred in all.

At a signal the Christians made an attack and with stunts and clubs drove the Jewish boys down the street. The retreating ones, however, were reinforced and recovered some of their lost ground. The combatants clubbed and beat one another right and left. Blood flowed freely and many of the youngsters received painful injuries. The riot call brought the police to the scene and both sides fled. One Christian and one Jew were arrested, but were afterward discharged.

HALDERMANS HANG

Murders of Constable Ainsworth Found Guilty.

The Jury Fixed the Penalty at Death. At the Last Moment an Unexpected Eye Witness of the Tragedy Was Brought In.

Tombstone, Ariz., June 20.—The jury in the case of Halderman brothers, on trial for the murder of Officer Moore, who accompanied C. L. Ainsworth, at the time both were killed in the discharge of their official duty, returned a verdict of murder, and fixing the penalty of death.

When court opened yesterday morning the attorneys for the defense made a motion asking that the case be dismissed on the ground that an eye witness to the killing, a son of Mr. Wilson, who was supposed to have been at the house, had not been subpoenaed as a witness. This was the first intimation to the prosecution that there had been an eye witness and on presentation of these facts the motion was denied.

Argument in the case began shortly before noon yesterday. District Attorney Land opened for the prosecution, pointing out the weakness of the evidence for the defense and demanding the avenging of the law and a just punishment for the men who took the lives of two brave officers who were simply engaged in the performance of their sworn duty.

Judge Reilly followed for the defense and spoke for nearly two hours, laying great stress on the fact that Moore was an enemy of the Haldermans and should not have been sent on such an errand. He was followed by Hon. M. A. Smith for the defense and Mr. A. R. English made the closing speech for the prosecution.

The verdict seems to meet with the general approval of the public.

THE CHESPEAKE LAUNCHED.

Balti, Md., June 20.—The United States practice vessel Chesapeake was launched today from the Bath Iron Works yard. She was christened by Miss Elsie Bradford, daughter of Rear Admiral Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment at Washington. The launching was successful in every particular.

NOT THE RIGHT MEN.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 20.—The officials have been advised that the three men arrested to the south of the Yellowstone park on suspicion of being the Union Pacific train robbers have been released. An investigation showed they were not the men wanted.

WAITING TO SEE DREYFUS.

Paris, June 20.—The approaching arrival of Dreyfus at Rennes is causing an influx of foreigners there. The hotels are besieged with applicants for rooms which command immense prices. The arrangements for the conveyance of the prisoner from Brest has been made with the greatest care and it is believed there is no danger of demonstrations. Dreyfus is expected to reach Brest early in the morning of June 30.

SUSPECTS ARRESTED.

Believed to Be the Men Who Robbed the Alameda.

San Francisco, June 20.—On the arrival of the steamer Australia from Honolulu today local detectives arrested three persons supposed to be implicated in a robbery which occurred on board the steamer Alameda on her last voyage from Australia to this city, when \$25,000 was in some mysterious way removed from the vault room of the vessel.

RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR SAILS.

New York, June 20.—Among the persons of note who sailed for Europe today were Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, and his niece, Mile. Cassini. They will remain abroad until fall, dividing their time between Paris and Carlsbad and returning to this country in time to spend a few weeks at Newport late in the season.

NO SHIPS SENT.

London, June 2.—The admiralty officials, when questioned today regarding the announcement made in special dispatches from Halifax that vessels belonging to the British North Atlantic squadron were being sent to quell trouble on the French coast of Newfoundland, said there was no truth in the report.

CALIFORNIA WINE MAKERS.

It Is Possible That the Combine Will Go to Pieces.

San Francisco, June 20.—There is a possibility that the wine makers' corporation may go out of existence. It is said the smaller dealers are trying to hold it together, while the larger producers do not desire to go again into a combine where, it is mul-

tained, the protection goes mainly to the small makers. On Saturday a meeting of the wine producers will be held in all the wine districts of the state, at which time the vineyardists will be given an opportunity to show what they desire to have done, by signing contracts recommended by the convention.

TRAIN ROBBER CONVICTED.

Hartville, Mo., June 20.—John Kennedy of the notorious Cracker Neck district has finally been convicted of train robbery. The jury before whom Kennedy was tried for complicity in the robbery of an express train on the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis railroad at Macomb, Mo., on January 3, last, fixed his punishment at seventeen years' imprisonment in the state penitentiary.

WELLBURN'S CROOKEDNESS.

San Francisco, June 20.—The trial of O. M. Wellburn, ex-internal revenue collector, was continued today. It was shown that a voucher for the salary of Miss McCarthy for the month of December had been presented, when in fact the lady died on December 1. Miss McConnell testified that she received \$40 a month, but her monthly vouchers called for a much larger amount.

AN OHIO FLOOD

Destruction of Lives and Property by a Cloudburst.

Perrysville, O., June 20.—Several cloudbursts occurred here last night accompanied by a severe electrical storm. The house of Isaac Hunter was swept from its foundations by Horse Tail creek. Searching parties have been out since daylight looking for Hunter's body, but thus far have not been successful. The damage to bridges and roadways will be more than \$100,000, while the property loss cannot be covered by less than \$200,000.

MANFIELD SUBMERGED.

Manfield, O., June 20.—Water rose six feet in the streets in the lower portions of the city after midnight, the result of a heavy storm. Washouts occurred on both the Erie and Baltimore & Ohio roads. Two hundred people at Casino were imprisoned by water which was too high for the cars or other conveyances to rescue them.

MANY LIVES LOST.

Shelby, O., June 20.—People were aroused at 2 o'clock this morning by the alarm sounded on the fire and church bells and found the city under water, heavy rains last night having raised the Black Fork to a raging torrent. The flood came suddenly and the people were removed from their houses on horseback. The principal streets are running streams and business is at a standstill. Wires are down and traffic is demoralized. It is reported that several lives were lost.

MORRISSEY A DUB

He Rested on His Elbow While He Was Counted Out.

New York, June 20.—Peter Maher scored a quick victory over Mike Morrissey of Tipperary, before the Leno Athletic club tonight. Morrissey had been heralded as an invincible Irish champion. There was apparently no fighting in the now-comer. A light punch on the breast and a right cross to the jaw were the only blows struck and these were delivered by Maher. The blow that Maher landed on the jaw was insufficient to knock out any man. The moment the men stepped into the ring it was plain that Morrissey was afraid.

Both men fiddled for a few moments and then Maher went right at his man and sent his left over the jaw. Morrissey fell in a neutral corner and lay there, resting on his right elbow, while Maher strutted about the ring until the referee counted ten seconds.

WON'T LECTURE ON DREYFUS.

Zola Has Received Many Offers, Some From the United States.

London, June 20.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News says that M. Zola is overwhelmed by applications for articles and lectures on the Dreyfus case. Many of the applications come from the United States. Large remuneration is offered to M. Zola, but he refuses to write or say a word on the subject. He says he has not made a centime out of the Dreyfus affair, and he never will.

ANNEXATION TALK.

Threats of an Anti-American Outbreak Cause No Alarm.

Santiago de Cuba, June 20.—A violent discussion is being carried on by the press regarding annexation. The newspapers publish many letters for and against the proposition. Further anonymous circulars have been issued announcing that there will be an outbreak here against the Americans on June 24. The circulars cause no alarm.

AN AQUEOUS RANCH

Some Data Regarding the Famous Prison Farm.

GUBERNATORIAL PLAYTHING

An "Is and" Which Unlike Sancho Panza's Famous Isle Is Not Situated Far Enough Away From the Water—Irrigation Is Held by Experts to Be Superfluous on That Farm.

Yuma, June 19.—(Special correspondence of The Republican).—A successful prison farm, under present existing conditions on land owned by the territory, is nothing less than ridiculous. No one knows this better than the proprietor of the Star, if he knows anything at all and wishes to be fair, but this his democratic friends say he could not be, even to his own political party much less to the administration of another. But to the facts in the case.

During the second administration of President Cleveland—that is, during the first and only administration of Governor Hughes—the government of the United States ceded to the territory of Arizona 2,000 acres of land. This land lies east and above the prison. A portion of it, say 200 acres, or thereabouts, is known as the "Island." It lies in the angle formed by the confluence of the Colorado and Gila rivers, and is subject to overflow from the Colorado, not alone from one side but from all sides. Said "Island" is formed by the Colorado cutting across the narrow neck of land that divides the two rivers, about three miles east of their junction. This split in the Colorado subjects the land to overflow on all sides, and it overflows. But "not at all times," frantically declares the agricultural editor of the Star. That is true, and it was true on the first of March last when an effort was made to get some of that \$75,000 out of the agricultural man's hat by cultivating the "prison farm."

The island is densely brushed, not timbered, but as the soil is rich and loaded with wealth, the prison management acting under the advice of the agricultural editor before alluded to, concluded to go after it for the benefit of the taxpayers of the territory. A force of convicts was therefore put to work on it. Clearing, plowing, ditching, making and preparing the land of promise for a \$75,000 crop, dispelled the dream of luxurious idleness indulged in by the convicts "at the expense of the law abiding people of the territory." The very ground smiled on their efforts, and the indications were that cabbage, corn and their concomitants of "spring" beans would feed the convicts at the prison, the students at the university and the inmates at the insane asylum three times a day the year round. Some 10,000 cabbage plants had been set out, 1,000 tomato plants, enough onions to perfume the county of Yuma, together with an abundance of peas, beans, corn, squash and watermelons.

Toward the latter part of April the Colorado began "spreeing." A system of banking against it on the island was begun, and for awhile it looked as though the levees thrown up would hold back the constantly rising waters. Outside and against the levees the water stood from two to two and a half feet deep over the face of the island. Springs, however, soon began to bubble up through the cultivated ground, and that beautiful \$75,000 prospect was soon hidden beneath the muddy waters of the Colorado! The last season of the growing vegetables was on the 29th day of April, and they will be seen no more, but old timers say the land upon which they grew will probably be again seen late in June or maybe in July. The water on the cultivated ground still stands from two to two and a half feet deep and forms an excellent lake for boating. The river at this time is higher than it has been at any time during the year. The following is a further history of prison farming as gathered from the reports of the several superintendents of the prison, and now on file in the office of the board of control. First comes the report of Thomas Gates for the quarter ending September 30, 1893. It says:

"The common council of the village of Yuma has petitioned the United States for a grant of a tract of land, containing over 2,000 acres lying east of the prison.

"Although this tract is subject to overflow during the higher stages of the Colorado and Gila rivers, the practicability of protecting it by means of levees constructed by prison labor is unquestionable and the expense slight when compared to the benefits derivable. If granted to this institution the land could be cleared and planted to ramie, which might afterwards be

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